

were on board who loved the smashing contest in a pitching sea and a smart blow, and it certainly was no day for those whose only sea experience is confined to the ferryboats of the Hudson River.

On reaching the line the yachts dropping their towed orders were given to break out headsails. After standing on the port tack for a time, Captain Barr luffed his boat up into the wind and sent up a small sized club topsail. The Englishman also set his smallest topsail. The mist was extremely heavy off shore, which made it difficult for the observers to follow the yachts. Sandy Hook reported a twelve-knot wind at 10:25.

Yachts Pounded Hard.

In the rough sea the yachts pounded heavily, and threw great cascades of water from under their bows.

The preparatory gun was sounded at 11:30, and in direct contrast to the previous races, neither of the skippers seemed disposed to work into quarters near his adversary. Reliance stood along to the northward on the starboard tack, and later came about, but stood for the Englishman, who was standing along back of the line on the starboard tack. Both yachts had baby fift topsails in stops.

However, two minutes before the warning gun was fired, Shamrock stood across Reliance's bows. In a twinkling Barr threw down his helm, and spinning around like a top, planted the American boat fair and square on Shamrock's weather.

Course Changed.

When the regatta committee reached Sandy Hook light vessel it was found that the direction of the wind would prevent laying of a course from the lightship. Accordingly, the start was postponed, and the Navigator stood several miles south by west of the lightship to establish a new starting line. The wind flattened considerably during the morning, and at 11 o'clock was blowing from the east by north.

Before the starting gun was fired Shamrock and Reliance broke out their baby fift topsails and stood for the line on the starboard tack. The American had a good burst of speed on and shot over the line thirty seconds ahead of the Englishman. Shamrock being left behind, and having her wind clear, was able to pinch out a bit and cross the line a little to weather of Reliance's wake.

Wringe Left at Post.

The yachts stood across the line on the starboard tack and headed toward the Long Island shore.

At 11:51 Captain Wringe finding that he was being left behind tacked ship to port. Captain Barr, however, seeing that the wind was lightening did not propose to let the Britisher pick up any favoring slants and thirty seconds after the Shamrock had tacked ship, he came about to port.

As in the previous races, the American took a higher course than the English boat and more than held her own in beating.

The Wind Drops.

The wind was certainly playing "strange freaks with the cup racers. The twenty-knot breeze of the early morning hours had dwindled to six knots at 12:30 o'clock, and as the yachts worked out to sea on the port tack they had only a fair list. In the heavy swell the Reliance made less fuss than the Shamrock and seemed rather to smooth out the sea instead of plunging into it and spilling cascades of water from under her bows, as did the Shamrock. In the turn to weather the American boat constantly increased her lead.

She worked higher in the air and footed along much faster than the Englishman. In forty-five minutes of sailing the American led by at least half a mile. There was much discussion on the excursion craft as to the probability of the racers being able to finish within the time limit of five and a half hours, it being argued that today, being the end of a heavy eastern storm, the wind would probably flunk out altogether from the east and spring up anew from some other quarter. In the thrash to windward the big single-stickers bucked a heavy head tide.

PROGRESS OF THE YACHTS AS TOLD BY BULLETINS

11:10 a. m.—The course for today's race has signaled east half north to the turning line and run home.

11:40—The warning gun was fired, and for five minutes Barr and Wringe fought it out. The Englishman doing his level best to shake the American off.

11:45—Starting gun fired. Reliance crossed at 11:45:50; Shamrock at 11:46:20.

11:58—Reliance and Shamrock were put about on starboard tack, Reliance gaining rapidly on challenger.

12:12—Both racers were put about on the port tack and headed out to sea.

12:18—Yachts still on port tack. Reliance still increasing her lead. Wind now only six knots.

Fifty minutes of sailing found the yachts working to the eastward and almost obscured in the mist.

12:42—Yachts on port tack heading out to sea with Reliance increasing her lead every minute.

The American now leads by three-quarters of a mile.

1:25—Yachts have been lost in the mist for twenty-five minutes. An aeroplane just received here says Reliance leads by a mile.

SOLDIERS' HOME CONCERT.

The United States Soldiers' Home Band, John S. M. Zimmermann leader, will give a concert at 5:50 p. m. today. The program is as follows:

March, "Maid of the Links".....Bergenholtz
Selection, "Der Feischuetz".....Von Weber
Suite di ballet, "Antony and Cleopatra".....

(a) "In the Arbor" (andante con moto); (b) "Dance of the Nubians" (alto, moderato); (c) "Solo Dance" (tempo di minuetto); (d) "Antony's Victory" (tempo di marcia).

(a) Romance of Athlete.....Olcott
Finale, "Nuptial Belles" (new).....Achter

TRANSPORT AT MANILA.

A dispatch was received at the War Department today from General Wade, at Manila, announcing the arrival at that port on August 30 of the transport Sheridan.

MANILA'S STRAY DOGS WILL BE USED AS FOOD

Considered Luxury in Northern Philippines.

PREPARATIONS FOR FEAST

Governor Says Such an Event Would Make Gods and Men Wonder.

Broiled dog, fried dog, dog on the half shell, dog a la Newburgh and sundry other forms of dog are considered delicacies by the Igorrotes of the northern provinces in the Philippines.

According to mail advices received here, Col. E. C. Carter, the Manila commissioner of public health, has received a gentle hint from Provincial Governor William G. Pack at Baguio, Benguet, not to waste this "God-given delicacy." His appeal is couched in the following terms: "Dog" a Luxury.

"I know that some of the departments under your charge are killing dogs and throwing them away to get rid of them. Now, my people, you know, consider dog a God-given luxury. Will it not be possible, in one way or another, for you to send me one, two or five hundred dogs that you want to get rid of, to San Fernando, where I will have Igorrotes waiting to bring them over the trail to me here in Baguio? The feast subsequent to such an event would make gods and men wonder. Now, see if we cannot make such an arrangement."

"It is understood that the request will be cheerfully complied with by Colonel Carter. Manila is full of stray dogs, and he'd give something handsome to get rid of them. The natives and Europeans there don't seem to consider them gastronomic luxuries."

CASE AGAINST LAMAR REACHES GRAND JURY

FREEHOLD, N. J., Aug. 31.—The Monmouth county grand jury today took up the case of David M. Lamar, the New York broker who is accused of hiring "Monk" Eastman and William Brown, two New York thugs, to assault his coachman, James McMahon, with whom he had had a disagreement.

In charging the jury, Justice Fort took occasion to review the State's case and to declare that the prosecuting attorney expected to show conspiracy to kill McMahon.

TRACEWELL APPROVES GARRISON'S METHOD

Provides for Withdrawal From One Fund to Another.

The Commissioners received a communication from the Comptroller of the Treasury this morning approving the method of effecting necessary transfers from appropriations and funds pertaining to the District, which was submitted last week by Auditor Garrison. The two suggestions which have been approved by the Comptroller are as follows:

"That in all cases where it is possible, payments should be made in the first instance from the appropriation or fund properly chargeable and the accounts and vouchers rendered thereunder in the manner prescribed by law, thus avoiding the necessity of transfers.

"Second, where from the character of the work and service of existing conditions it would cause great inconvenience and increased expense to resort to the first instance to the proper appropriation or fund, and make payments therefrom, the necessary transfers to reimburse such appropriation or fund, should, in every case where it is possible, be effected in the Treasury Department, upon duly itemized and certified vouchers, audited by the Auditor for the District of Columbia, and transmitted to the Auditor for the State and Other Departments, for the proper transfer settlements to be made by that officer."

GERMANY ALARMED OVER DECREASE IN EXPORTS

Danger From American Competition Brought Vividly Home.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—Official statistics just made public show that the exports of woollens from Germany to America have decreased from \$7,000,000 in 1890 to \$1,700,000 in 1902.

The figures are cited as proof of the danger of American competition and reprisals are urged. The "Cologne Volks Zeitung" argues that in case of a tariff war Germany would be able to injure America more than any damage that could be inflicted upon Germany, because exports from the United States to Germany amount to \$200,000,000 a year. The exports from Germany to America are but \$100,000,000.

The "Volks Zeitung" says that Germany must squeeze more favorable commercial treaties from America.

Pennsylvania Railroad's Attractive Excursion to Cape May, the Peerless Resort of the New Jersey Coast.

Saturday, September 5, the Pennsylvania Railroad will run a special personally conducted excursion to Cape May, including two days' board at the Stockton, Congress Hall, or Chalfonte. Tickets for round trip, only \$10 from Washington. Detailed information of ticket agents.

CHICAGO HOLD-UP MEN ARRESTED IN ILLINOIS

Captured While Attempting to Rob a Bank.

TWO KILLED; TWO INJURED

Desperadoes Cleaned Out Car Barns Before Attempting to Loot Cashier's Office.

EAST ST. LOUIS, Ill., Aug. 31.—Two hold-up men, believed to be the thugs who committed murder and robbery at the Chicago City Railway Company car barns Sunday morning, were arrested here late last night.

At the stationhouse the two men gave their names as James Mason and Edmund Fahey. Mason made a desperate resistance against capture, but was finally knocked senseless. Fahey claims to be an elevator boy from Chicago.

Left Chicago Sunday.

After a thorough search of their clothing, baggage checks were found which showed that the pair had left Chicago Sunday morning, arriving in East St. Louis in the evening. Three hundred dollars in money and two large revolvers were among the articles taken from the prisoners.

By making the double arrest Chief of Police Purdy and his men nipped in the bud what is believed to have been an attempt to blow the safe of the East St. Louis Trust and Savings Bank last night. A third man jumped from one of the windows of the bank and escaped in the excitement attendant upon the arrest of the men outside, who, Chief Purdy declares, were lookout men and upon whose person were found implements useful to the safe-blowing craft.

Two Killed; Two Hurt.

CHICAGO, Aug. 31.—Without a word of warning two men were killed and two others wounded by hold-up men at the barns of the Chicago City Railway Company, Sixty-first and State Streets, at an early hour yesterday. The shooting was done by three men, who escaped after obtaining \$5,000.

Three of the men who were shot were working in the cashier's office, and the other was a motorman, asleep in the outer office. The men in the office were shot before they were aware of the robbers' presence, and the motorman was killed as he was rising from a bench, where he had been asleep.

Shot at His Desk.

The dead are Frank Stewart, assistant clerk in cashier's office, shot through body while standing at his desk. Died half an hour later.

John B. Johnson, motorman, shot through the head, died instantly.

Injured: William B. Edmond, receiving clerk, shot in left thigh while at his desk; will recover. Henry Blehl, shot in head; will recover.

The robbers took no chances, but disposed of all the opposition of the employees before they entered the office.

TOLSTOY FIERCELY DENOUNCES TRAMPS

Says They Are All Loafers and Drunkards.

ODESSA, Aug. 31.—Skrb, editor of the "Odessa Novosti," had a talk with Tolstoy, in which the latter expressed himself vehemently against the tramp literature "now so popular in Russia" and "always popular in America."

"What are tramps?" cried Tolstoy fiercely. "There never was anything new about them, nor will there be ever anything worthy of consideration in connection with this class of people. A tramp is a loafer and drunkard, no more, no less, and usually unspeakably dirty into the bargain. Gorki and others should be ashamed of themselves for attempting to gain sympathy for these dirty brutes."

PANAMA MADE UNEASY BY COLOMBIA'S DELAY

Revolution Probable Unless Canal Treaty Is Ratified.

Advices from Kingston, Jamaica, announce a condition of unrest in Panama, which, it is said, will likely result in a revolution at any time. The opposition of the Colombian congress to the Panama Canal treaty has caused great dissatisfaction on the isthmus, the future of which depends on the construction of the Panama Canal.

It is said to be doubtful whether the government forces would be able to check any outbreak which might occur. The naval fleet of Colombia is said to be under the control of Americans and Englishmen, who are in sympathy with the United States. These men form the gunning, navigation and engineering forces of the fleet, and it is rumored that they would be glad to join in a movement to give the state of Panama a government entirely independent of Colombia, which would be free to ratify a canal treaty with the United States.

Cool, Captivating Cape May.

A three days' personally conducted excursion, via Pennsylvania Railroad, to attractive Cape May, Saturday, September 5. Tickets for round trip, including two days' board at the Stockton, Congress Hall, or Chalfonte, only \$10 from Washington. Detailed information of ticket agents.

TERRITORIAL COURT ANNULS LAND LEASE

Decision of Judge Raymond Bears on Indian Scandal.

COMMENTS ON CONDITIONS

If Supported by Higher Courts It May Invalidate Holdings of a Million Acres.

C. W. Raymond, judge in the Federal court at Muscogee, I. T., handed down a decision on Wednesday last which practically gives judicial support to the charges which have been made public recently that land companies and private individuals in the Indian Territory have been actively engaged in swindling the Indians out of their land by obtaining leases from them at prices far below the real worth of the property.

The case in which this important decision was made was that of the Indian Land and Trust Company, a corporation, against Blair Schoenfeld, Indian agent. The father of Sally Hodge, an Indian minor, leased her valuable farm near Muscogee for five years for a total of \$150, or about 15 cents per acre. Judge Raymond held that the father had no right to lease the land for the child and that the lease was not valid unless made by the guardian of the child and approved by the court.

Utters Severe Criticism.

After setting aside this particular lease Judge Raymond made sweeping comments on conditions in regard to Indian lands, and it is said that this decision, if supported in the higher courts, will invalidate leases to more than one million acres. The judge said in part: "It is a matter of common knowledge here today that persons and corporations organized for the purpose of holding Indian lands have now under contract, through leases from citizens, tracts of land varying from 25,000 to 50,000 acres. If Judge Townsend, of the Southern district, is correctly quoted, he is authority for the statement that one corporation has leased 350,000 acres."

"How are these holdings obtained? It is a matter of common knowledge that the head of the Indian family, representing from six to ten citizens, is induced to take allotments for himself and family in some large pasture. He at once, in consideration of being permitted to make such a good filing, makes a lease for five years with the person or corporation owning the pasture for not only the land of himself and wife located therein, but all the minor members of his family, at from 15 cents to 25 cents per acre, and the money in many instances is at once squandered."

Ignorant of Locations.

"It is further a matter of common knowledge that in many instances the Indian does not know the location of the land he is induced to take as the share of himself, wife, and minor children in the lands of his nation, and in many instances lands are selected for him so that all the lands in the pasture may be taken up, which are among the rocks and hills and of but little value."

Edward M. Dawson, chief clerk of the Interior Department, returned to his desk this morning after an absence of more than a month in St. Louis and the Yellowstone National Park, arranging for the park exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition.

The principal work of Mr. Dawson while in the park was superintending the taking of pictures for the exposition, and, according to the plans which have been formed, the exhibit should be one of the most interesting Government features at the exposition. Many fine photographs of the most notable bits of scenery, of the best known characters and personalities in the park were taken, but the star feature of the exhibit will be the moving pictures.

A machine, in the hands of an expert, took pictures of the geysers and paint pots in action, park guards doing their work, stage coaches filled with sightseers, parties on horseback climbing up and down the mountain trails, wild animals in the park, and all the other features which make the Yellowstone one of the most famous places of interest in the world.

Miss Wagemann tries to make out that King Charles I was not really beheaded, but spirited away by his friends on the night before the execution, while a faithful adherent, who had a close resemblance to the King, in his stead offered himself for execution. Charles then fled to France, but was taken captive in Dunkirk, and till his death kept by Louis XIV a prisoner, wearing a velvet—or, as the popular tradition prefers to have it an iron—mask.

BERLIN, Aug. 31.—A young German writer—Miss Anna Wagemann—has written a book in which she argues that the mysterious "Man in the Iron Mask" was none other than King Charles I.

Womán Asserts Stuart King Was Not Beheaded.

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Mr. Chamberlain has directed the governors of the various British possessions in Africa "to prohibit by every means in their power the indiscriminate slaughter of elephants."

The colonial secretary has further written to Simla asking whether it would be possible to train African elephants with a view to their being employed in work similar to that performed by Indian elephants.

This action on the part of the colonial secretary has been warmly welcomed, as it is thought that unless prompt measures are taken the elephant will be as scarce in Africa as the bison is on the plains of America.

A Liverpool traveler has sent home a melancholy story of the "unlimited slaughter" of elephants in Africa. They are being exterminated, he states, at the rate of many thousands a year.

They are killed for the sake of their ivory, and in one drive no fewer than 250 elephants were secured. Of these 100 died from anthrax.

HENSEY FILES ANSWER IN RICHARDSON SUIT

Denies He Solicited Complainants to Join Him.

GOT NO MONEY FROM THEM

Does Not Know How Much Mrs. Dean Was Paid for Le Droit Park Land.

Hearing in the cause of Dr. Charles W. Richardson and others against Thomas G. Hensley, Melville C. Hooker, and Melville D. Hensley, asking for an accounting, in connection with the affairs of the Le Droit Land Syndicate, came up this morning before Justice Gould. The answer of Thomas G. Hensley was filed by Attorney Andrew B. Duval.

Mr. Hensley denies that, prior to 1893, he alone, or with Melville C. Hooker and Melville D. Hensley, solicited or induced the complainants to join him in the syndicate. He, Hooker and M. D. Hensley organized the syndicate, nor did any of the complainants treat him as their agent in the purchase of the land from Mrs. Dean. The complainants did not turn over to him any money for the purchase of the land.

Knows Nothing of Price Paid.

Mr. Hensley says he does not know, and never did know, the amount actually paid Amanda Dean for the land, and believes that \$150,000 is a fair price.

Mr. Hensley admits that Mr. Hooker was paid \$500 for services in superintending the erection of certain buildings, and that Melville & Hensley received \$1,500 for the preparation of plans and specifications of the buildings erected by the syndicate.

Melville D. Hensley's Statement.

In his answer, filed by Attorney E. H. Thomas, Melville D. Hensley says that prior to January 14, 1893, he did not act in conjunction with Thomas G. Hensley and Melville C. Hooker, in the organization of the Le Droit Land Syndicate. He denies that he represented that the original cost of the land and the lowest price for which the land could be purchased was \$150,000, and says he may have represented that would be the price to the syndicate.

He further says that neither of his co-defendants was in any manner interested in the difference paid Mrs. Dean for the land and the price paid by the syndicate for it. He also says that his present recollection is that the purchase price to Mrs. Dean was \$120,000.

CHIEF CLERK DAWSON RETURNS FROM WEST

Arranged Yellowstone Exhibit for the World's Fair.

Edward M. Dawson, chief clerk of the Interior Department, returned to his desk this morning after an absence of more than a month in St. Louis and the Yellowstone National Park, arranging for the park exhibit at the St. Louis Exposition.

The principal work of Mr. Dawson while in the park was superintending the taking of pictures for the exposition, and, according to the plans which have been formed, the exhibit should be one of the most interesting Government features at the exposition. Many fine photographs of the most notable bits of scenery, of the best known characters and personalities in the park were taken, but the star feature of the exhibit will be the moving pictures.

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NEW COINS ENHANCE OLD MEXICAN DOLLAR

Philippine Banks Report Effect of Special Coinage.

Word has been received at the War Department from Manila that the immediate effect of the introduction of the new Philippine coinage was to cause a marked appreciation in the value of the Mexican dollar.

The first shipment received in Manila consisted of \$2,000,000 of the new pesos. It was divided equally by the insular treasurer between the four banks in the city, by whom the coins were at once placed upon the market. Many people changed all the gold money in their possession into Mexican at 2.34, which was the rate in effect that day. By the next morning they made a profit of about 8 or 9 cents.

An unsteady market was expected for a couple of weeks after the introduction of the new currency pending the adjustment of affairs to the new condition.

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Enjoy a charming day's outing amid historic fields, or nature's pleasing scenery, on the special excursion of the Pennsylvania Railroad, Sunday, September 6, to Gettysburg or Pen Mar. Only \$1.75 for the round trip. Special leaves Washington at 8 a. m., September 6. Tickets good for ten days. See ticket agents for parlor car seats.

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MARYLAND SCHOOL FOR THE BLIND

Will reopen September 14, 1903. The superintendent will meet pupils at the depot, 6th st. and Avenue, at 3:30 o'clock p.m. September 14, 1903. For further information address F. D. MORRISON, Superintendent, Baltimore, Md. au26-30f

ACME SCHOOL OF STENOGRAPHY AND TYPE-WRITING, 1305 F Street N. W.

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BRITISH PEERS WHO HAVE DUAL DUKEDOMS

LONDON, Aug. 31.—Of the Duke of Portland there is a curious fact. A peer, as all know, signs his name by the title which is in his patent of nobility, and no matter what fortune may accrue to him in other directions, his signature is still the same.

There have, however, been two notable exceptions to this rule. One was furnished by the poet Byron